

Catalogue # **Aliquot Size** 

P98-31G-05 5 µg P98-31G-10 10 µg P98-31G-20 20 µg

# PDE10A, Active

R recombinant human protein expressed in Sf9 cells

## Catalog # P98-31G

Lot # W044-2

## **Product Description**

Recombinant human PDE10A (71-end) was expressed by baculovirus in Sf9 insect cells using an N-terminal GST tag. The gene accession number is NM 006661.

#### **Gene Aliases**

HSPDE10A; FLJ11894; FLJ25677

#### **Formulation**

Recombinant protein stored in 50mM Tris-HCI, pH 7.5, 150mM NaCl, 10mM glutathione, 0.1mM EDTA, 0.25mM DTT, 0.1mM PMSF, 25% glycerol.

## Storage and Stability

Store product at -70°C. For optimal storage, aliquot target into smaller quantities after centrifugation and store at recommended temperature. For most favorable performance, avoid repeated handling and multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

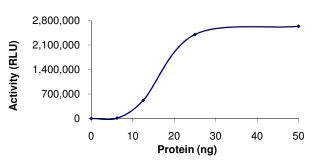
#### **Scientific Background**

PDE10A is a member of the phosphodiesterase family of proteins that play a critical role in regulating intracellular levels of cAMP and cGMP (1). PDE10A eliminates cAMPand cGMP-mediated intracellular signaling hydrolyzing the cyclic nucleotide to the corresponding nucleoside 5-prime monophosphate. PDE10A hydrolyzes cAMP and cGMP in transfected COS-7 cells (2). PDE10A has a 11-fold higher affinity for cGMP than cAMP and cAMP can efficiently inhibit cGMP phosphodiesterase activity of PDE10A. PDE10A is being used as a biomarker in clinical trials of gene-disease association and geneenvironment interaction.

#### References

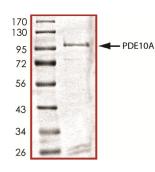
- Fujishige, K. et.al: Cloning and characterization of a novel human phosphodiesterase that hydrolyzes both cAMP and cGMP (PDE10A). J. Biol. Chem. 274: 18438-18445, 1999.
- Loughney, K et.al: Isolation and characterization of PDE10A, a novel human 3-prime, 5-prime-cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase. Gene 234: 109-117, 1999.

## Specific Activity



The specific activity of PDE10A was determined to be 92 nmol /min/mg as per activity assay protocol.

## **Purity**



of PDE10A was The purity determined to be >80% by densitometry. Approx. MW 102kDa.

# PDE10A, Active

Recombinant protein expressed in Sf9 cells

Catalog Number P98-31G Specific Activity 92 nmol/min/mg

Specific Lot Number W044-2

> Purity >80% Concentration 0.1μg/μl Stability 1yr at -70°C from date of shipment

Storage & Shipping Store product at -70°C. For optimal storage, aliquot target into smaller quantities after centrifugation and store at recommended temperature. For most

favorable performance, avoid repeated handling and multiple freeze/thaw cycles. Product shipped on dry ice.

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# **Activity Assay Protocol**

#### **Reaction Components**

## Active PDE10A (Catalog #: P98-31G)

Active PDE10A ( $0.1\mu g/\mu l$ ) diluted with 1X PDE-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Reaction Buffer and assayed as outlined in sample activity plot. (Note: these are suggested working dilutions and it is recommended that the researcher perform a serial dilution of Active PDE10A for optimal results).

#### 100 mM IBMX Solution

Prepare 100 mM of 3-isobutyl-1-methylxanthine (IBMX) in 100% DMSO. Store aliquots at -20°C.

# PDE-Glo<sup>™</sup> Phosphodiesterase Assay Kit (Promega, Cat # V1361)

cAMP and cGMP solution, 1 mM PDE-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Reaction Buffer, 5X PDE-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Termination Buffer, 5X PDE-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Detection Buffer, 5X Protein Kinase A (PKA) Kinase-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Substrate Kinase-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Buffer

#### **Assay Protocol**

The PDE10A assay is performed using the PDE-Glo™ Phosphodiesterase Assay kit (Promega; Cat# V1361). The assay involves first a PDE10A reaction between an active PDE10A preparation and a cyclic nucleotide substrate (cAMP). Then PDE-Glo™ Termination Buffer and PDE-Glo™ Detection Buffer (which contains ATP, inactive PKA and PKA substrate) are added to the reaction. The cyclic nucleotide substrate remaining after the PDE10A reaction can bind to the inactive PKA regulatory subunit thereby releasing the active catalytic subunit of PKA. The active catalytic subunit of PKA then catalyzes phosphorylation of the PKA substrate in the presence of ATP which leads to a reduction in ATP level. In the final step, Kinase-Glo™ reagent is added to measure the Luciferase activity towards Luciferin and the luminescent signal produced is related to the amount of ATP remaining which is indirectly related to the activity of PDE10A.

- Step 1. Thaw the Active PDE10A and PDE-Glo™ Phosphodiesterase Assay Kit reagents on ice.
- **Step 2.** Prepare the following working solutions:
  - o Diluted active PDE10A with 1X PDE-Glo™ Reaction Buffer on ice
  - o 2µM cAMP substrate solution in 1X PDE-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Reaction Buffer at ambient temperature
  - o 1X PDE-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Termination Buffer in 10 mM IBMX solution at ambient temperature
  - o 1X PDE-Glo<sup>TM</sup> detection solution (mix 8μl PKA with 792μl water and 200μl 5X PDE-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Detection Buffer). Prepare immediately before use
  - o Kinase-Glo<sup>TM</sup> reagent by adding Kinase-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Buffer to Kinase-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Substrate at ambient temperature
- Step 3. In a polystyrene 96-well plate, add the following components bringing the initial reaction volume up to 25µl:

Component 1. 12.5µl of diluted Active PDE10A (Catalog #P98-31G)

Component 2. 12.5µl of 2µM cAMP solution (0.025 nmol cAMP used per assay)

- Step 4. Set up a blank control as outlined in step 3 by excluding the addition of the diluted PDE preparation. Replace the PDE preparation with an equal volume of 1X PDE-Glo™ Reaction Buffer.
- **Step 5.** Initiate the reaction by adding cAMP substrate solution and incubate the mixture at 30°C for 10 minutes on a plate shaker.
- Step 6. Terminate the PDE reaction by adding 12.5µl of 1X PDE-Glo™ Termination Buffer. Mix well.
- Step 7. Add 12.5µl of 1X PDE-Glo™ detection solution. Mix well and then incubate at ambient temperature for 20 minutes.
- Step 8. After the incubation period, add 50µl of Kinase-Glo™ reagent mix and then incubate at ambient temperature for 10 min.
- **Step 9.** Read the polystyrene 96-well reaction plate using the KinaseGlo Luminescence Protocol on a GloMax plate reader (Promega; Cat# E7031).
- **Step 10.** Perform a cAMP standard curve. Determine RLU at each concentration. Then calculate the corresponding nmol cAMP remaining after the PDE reaction from the standard curve.
- **Step 11.** Calculate the PDE specific activity as outlined below.

### PDE Specific Activity (SA) (nmol/min/mg)

[cAMP total (nmol) - cAMP remaining (nmol)] / (Reaction time in min)\*(Enzyme amount in mg)

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