

Catalogue # Aliquot Size

H02-11G -05 5 μg H02-11G -10 10 μg H02-11G -20 20 μg

HCK, Active

Human recombinant protein expressed in Sf9 cells

Catalog # H02-11G

Lot # H056-2

Product Description

Recombinant human HCK (230-497) was expressed by baculovirus in Sf9 insect cells using an N-terminal GST tag. The gene accession number is NM 002110.

Gene Aliases

JTK9

Formulation

Recombinant protein stored in 50mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, 150mM NaCl, 0.25mM DTT, 0.1mM EGTA, 0.1mM EDTA, 0.1mM PMSF, 25% glycerol.

Storage and Stability

Store product at -70°C. For optimal storage, aliquot target into smaller quantities after centrifugation and store at recommended temperature. For most favorable performance, avoid repeated handling and multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

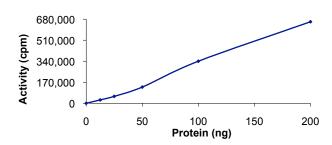
Scientific Background

HCK, a protein-tyrosine kinase belonging to the Src family, is expressed in certain hemopoietic cells and especially prominent in cells of myeloid lineage, particularly mature granulocytes and monocytes (1). HCK gene is located on chromosome sequence 20q11-q12, a region that is affected by interstitial deletions in some acute myeloid leukemias and myeloproliferative disorders suggesting damage to HCK may contribute to the pathogenesis of these conditions (2).

References

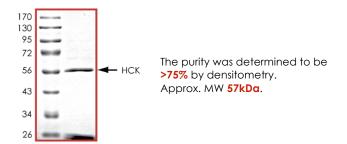
- Ziegler, S.F. et al: Novel protein-tyrosine kinase gene (hck) preferentially expressed in cells of hematopoietic origin. Molec. Cell. Biol. 7: 2276-2285, 1987.
- Quintrell, N. et al: Identification of a human gene (HCK) that encodes a protein-tyrosine kinase and is expressed in hemopoietic cells. Molec. Cell. Biol. 7: 2267-2275, 1987

Specific Activity



The specific activity of HCK was determined to be 210 nmol/min/mg as per activity assay protocol.

Purity



HCK, Active

Human recombinant protein expressed in Sf9 cells

Catalog Number H02-11G

Specific Activity 210 nmol/min/mg

Specific Lot Number H056-2

Purity >75%

Concentration 0.1µg/µl

Stability 1yr at -70°C from date of shipment

Storage & Shipping

Store product at -70°C. For optimal storage, aliquot target into smaller quantities after centrifugation and store at recommended temperature. For most favorable performance, avoid repeated handling and multiple freeze/thaw cycles. Product shipped on dry ice.

Activity Assay Protocol

Reaction Components

Active Kinase (Catalog #: H02-11G)

Active HCK ($0.1\mu g/\mu l$) diluted with Kinase Dilution Buffer III (Catalog #: K23-09) and assayed as outlined in sample activity plot. (Note: these are suggested working dilutions and it is recommended that the researcher perform a serial dilution of Active HCK for optimal results).

Kinase Dilution Buffer III (Catalog #: K23-09)

Kinase Assay Buffer I (Catalog #: K01-09) diluted at a 1:4 ratio (5X dilution) with 50 ng/µl BSA solution.

Kinase Assay Buffer I (Catalog #: K01-09)

Buffer components: 25mM MOPS, pH 7.2, 12.5mM β -glycerol-phosphate, 25mM MgC1₂, 5mM EGTA, 2mM EDTA. Add 0.25mM DTT to Kinase Assay Buffer prior to use.

[33P1-ATP Assav Cocktail

Prepare 250 μ M [33 P]-ATP Assay Cocktail in a designated radioactive working area by adding the following components: 150 μ l of 10mM ATP Stock Solution (Catalog #: A50-09), 100 μ l [33 P]-ATP (1mCi/100 μ l), 5.75ml of Kinase Assay Buffer I (Catalog #: K01-09). Store 1ml aliquots at -20°C.

10mM ATP Stock Solution (Catalog #: A50-09)

Prepare ATP stock solution by dissolving 55mg of ATP in 10ml of Kinase Assay Buffer I (Catalog #: K01-09). Store 200 μ l aliquots at -20 $^{\circ}$ C.

Substrate

Poly (Glu:Tyr, 4:1) synthetic peptide substrate diluted in distilled H_2O to a final concentration of 1mg/ml.

Assay Protocol

- Step 1. Thaw [33P]-ATP Assay Cocktail in shielded container in a designated radioactive working area.
- Step 2. Thaw the Active HCK, Kinase Assay Buffer, Substrate and Kinase Dilution Buffer on ice.
- Step 3. In a pre-cooled microfuge tube, add the following reaction components bringing the initial reaction volume up to 20µl:
 - Component 1. 10µl of diluted Active HCK (Catalog #H02-11G)
 - Component 2. 5µl of 1mg/ml stock solution of substrate
 - Component 3. 5µl distilled H₂O (4°C)
- Step 4. Set up the blank control as outlined in step 3, excluding the addition of the substrate. Replace the substrate with an equal volume of distilled H₂O.
- Step 5. Initiate the reaction by the addition of 5μ l [33P]-ATP Assay Cocktail bringing the final volume up to 25μ l and incubate the mixture in a water bath at 30°C for 15 minutes.
- **Step 6.** After the 15 minute incubation period, terminate the reaction by spotting 20µl of the reaction mixture onto individual pre-cut strips of phosphocellulose P81 paper.
- Step 7. Air dry the pre-cut P81 strip and sequentially wash in a 1% phosphoric acid solution (dilute 10ml of phosphoric acid and make a 1L solution with distilled H₂O) with constant gentle stirring. It is recommended that the strips be washed a total of 3 intervals for approximately 10 minutes each.
- Step 8. Count the radioactivity on the P81 paper in the presence of scintillation fluid in a scintillation counter.
- **Step 9.** Determine the corrected cpm by removing the blank control value (see Step 4) for each sample and calculate the kinase specific activity as outlined below.

Calculation of [P³³]-ATP Specific Activity (SA) (cpm/pmol)

Specific activity (SA) = cpm for $5\mu I$ [33P]-ATP / pmoles of ATP (in $5\mu I$ of a $250\mu M$ ATP stock solution, i.e., 1250 pmoles)

Kinase Specific Activity (SA) (pmol/min/μg or nmol/min/mg)

Corrected cpm from reaction / [(SA of ³³P-ATP in cpm/pmol)*(Reaction time in min)*(Enzyme amount in µg or mg)]*[(Reaction Volume) / (Spot Volume)]

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