Catalog # Aliquot Size

U219-380H-20 20 μg U219-380H-50 50 μg

## UBE2E3 (UBCH9), Active

Recombinant full-length human proteins expressed in E. coli cells

## Catalog # U219-380H

Lot # V2408-12

## **Product Description**

Recombinant full-length human UBE2E3 was expressed in *E. coli* cells using an N-terminal His tag. The UBE2E3 gene accession number is NM\_006357.

#### **Gene Aliases**

UBCH9; UbcM2

## **Formulation**

Recombinant protein stored in 50mM sodium phosphate, pH 7.0, 300mM NaCl, 150mM imidazole, 0.1mM PMSF, 0.25mM DTT, 25% glycerol.

## Storage and Stability

Store product at -70°C. For optimal storage, aliquot target into smaller quantities after centrifugation and store at recommended temperature. For most favorable performance, avoid repeated handling and multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

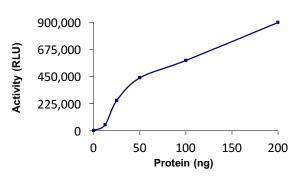
### **Scientific Background**

UBE2E3 also known as UBCH9 or ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2E 3 is a member of the E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme family. UBE2E3 is highly expressed in skeletal muscle. UBE2E3 is essential for the proliferation of RPE-1 cells and is downregulated during RPE layer maturation in the developing mouse eye. These findings indicate that UBE2E3 is a major enzyme in modulating the balance between RPE cell proliferation and differentiation.

## References

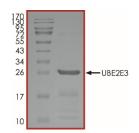
- Mondal, S. et al: A bioluminescent assay for monitoring conjugation of ubiquitin and ubiquitin-like proteins. Anal. Biochem. 510: 41-51, 2016
- Matuschewski, K. et al: Identification of a novel family of ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes with distinct amino-terminal extensions. J. Biol. Chem. 271: 2789-2794, 1996
- Ito, K. et al: cDNA cloning, characterization, and chromosome mapping of UBE2E3 (alias UbcH9), encoding an N-terminally extended human ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme. Cytogenet. Cell Genet. 84: 99-104, 1999

## **Specific Activity**



The specific activity of UBE2E3 was determined to be 17 nmol/min/mg as per activity assay protocol.

## **Purity**



The purity of UBE2E3 was determined to be >95% by densitometry, approx. MW 25 kDa.

# UBE2E3 (UBCH9), Active

Recombinant full-length human protein expressed in E. coli cells

U219-380H

Catalog #
Specific Activity
Lot #
Purity
Concentration
Stability
Storage & Shipping

17 nmol/min/mg V2408-12 >95% 0.1 μg/μl 1yr at -70°C from date of shipment Store product at -70°C. For optimal storage, aliquot target into smaller quantities after centrifugation and store recommended temperature. For most favorable performance, avoid repeated handling and multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

Product shipped on dry ice.

To place your order, please contact us by phone 1-(604)-232-4600, fax 1-604-232-4601 or by email: <a href="mailto:orders@signalchem.com">orders@signalchem.com</a> <a href="mailto:www.signalchem.com">www.signalchem.com</a>

# **Activity Assay Protocol**

## **Reaction Components**

## **Active Ubiquitinating Enzymes**

Active UBE2E3 (Catalog #: U219-380H), UBA1 (Catalog #: U201-380G) and BIRC3 (Catalog #: B280-380G) diluted with Ubiquitination Buffer and assayed as outlined in sample activity plot. (Note: these are suggested working dilutions and it is recommended that the researcher perform a serial dilution of Active UBE2E3 for optimal results).

## **Ubiquitination Buffer**

Buffer components: 40mM Tris (pH7.5), 20mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 0.1mg/ml BSA. Add 0.5mM DTT prior to use.

**AMP-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Assay** (Promega, Catalog #: V5011)

AMP, 10 mM Ultra Pure ATP, 10mM AMP-Glo™ Reagent I AMP-Glo™ Reagent II Kinase-Glo™ One Solution

**Substrate** (Catalog #: U06-54N)

Wild-type ubiquitin protein diluted with Ubiquitination Buffer to a working stock of  $170 \text{ng/}\mu\text{l}$  ( $20\mu\text{M}$ ).

#### **Assay Protocol**

The UBE2E3 assay is performed using the AMP-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Assay kit (Promega), by detecting the amount of the universal AMP generated. Ubiquitin conjugation is proportional to the generated AMP, and the presence of all components of the Ub conjugation machinery (Ub, E1, E2, and E3) is required for maximal activity of the system.

- **Step 1.** Thaw the active UBE2E3, UBA1, BIRC3 and ubiquitin on ice, and all AMP-Glo<sup>TM</sup> components except AMP-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Reagent II at room temperature. Keep AMP-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Reagent II on ice.
- Step 2. Prepare the following working solutions with Ubiquitination Buffer:
  - o 2X Reaction Cocktail: 170ng/μl ubiquitin + 15ng/μl UBA1 + 40ng/μl BIRC3 + 50μM ATP
  - o 2X final concentration of Active UBE2E3
- Step 3. In a half-area white 96-well plate, add the following components to bring the initial reaction volume to 10 µl:

Component 1. 5 µl of 2X Reaction Cocktail

Component 2. 5 µl of 2X Active UBE2E3

Note: A blank control can be set up as outlined above by replacing the enzyme working solution with an equal volume of Ubiquitination Buffer.

- Step 4. Briefly centrifuge the plate to ensure reagents are fully mixed and at the bottom of the wells. Seal the plate with a plate seal and incubate at 37°C for 60 minutes
- Step 5. Equilibrate plate to room temperature. Add 10 μl of AMP-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Reagent I to all wells, mix by shaking for 1-2 minutes. Incubate the plate at room temperature for 60 minutes.
- Step 6. Prepare AMP Detection Solution by adding AMP-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Reagent II to Kinase-Glo<sup>TM</sup> One Solution at a 1:100 volume ratio. Add 20 µl of the Detection Solution to all wells. Mix for 1-2 minutes and incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes
- Step 7. Read the plate using the KinaseGlo Luminescence Protocol on a GloMax plate reader (Promega; Cat# E7031)
- Step 8. Using the AMP standard curve, determine the concentration of AMP produced (μM) and calculate the enzyme specific activity as outlined below. For a detailed protocol of how to determine AMP amount from RLUs, see AMP-Glo<sup>TM</sup> Assay protocol at Promega's website: <a href="https://www.promega.com/protocols">www.promega.com/protocols</a>

**Enzyme Specific Activity (SA) (nmol/min/mg)** 

 $= \frac{[\mathit{AMP}](\mathit{\mu M}) \times \mathit{Reaction\ Volume}(\mathit{\mu l})}{\mathit{Reaction\ Time\ (min)} \times \mathit{Enzyme\ Amount\ (mg)}} \times 10^{-3}$