

## 2019-nCoV Neutralization ELISA Kit

Instruction Manual

Catalog No. C19SD-N887

For the detection of circulating neutralizing antibodies or proteins that can block the binding of 2019-nCoV S1 protein and human ACE2 in serum or other biological samples

This assay kit is for research use only - NOT intended for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

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# INTRODUCTION

#### Background

The severe acute respiratory syndrome related novel coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 has caused the pandemic of the respiratory diseases (COVID-19) around the world in 2020. Researchers worldwide are racing to develop potential vaccines and drugs to fight the new coronavirus, 2019-nCoV acute respiratory disease.

When it comes to the detection of the new coronavirus, people are most familiar with the nucleic acid test that is currently the "gold standard" for diagnosis. Nucleic acid testing, which uses polymerase chain reaction to detect specific nucleic acid sequences in the viral genome to determine whether the subject is infected with the virus at the moment. The antibody test is a "past tense" test. The human body will produce IgM or IgG antibodies after being infected with the virus. Testing these specific antibodies in the serum can determine whether the subject has been infected with the virus. Recessive cases that have been missed by nucleic acid detection will interfere with the assessment of the epidemic and the prevention and control measures. Antibody testing can help determine the true 'penetration' of the new coronavirus in the population and is very important for understanding the virus's true ability to infect. Infection or immunity to the virus can also be diagnosed by the presence of neutralizing antibodies which would block the SARS-CoV-2 S1 protein from binding with its entry receptor, human ACE2. Many countries have stepped up their efforts to detect antibodies to 2019-nCoV. Another goal is to identify people who are already immune to the virus and prepare for future easing lockdown measures.

### **About this assay**

The 2019-nCoV Neutralization ELISA Kit is an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay for the detection of antibodies or other proteins (molecular) that can block the binding of SARS-CoV-2 S1 protein and human ACE2 in serum or other biological samples. Based on indirect ELISA principles, the 2019-nCoV Neutralization ELISA employs recombinant human ACE2 protein coated on a 96-well plate. Controls and samples (with necessary dilution) are mixed with 2019-nCoV S1 protein RBD-HRP and then pipetted into the wells; the target neutralizing antibodies or proteins in the controls and samples will partially or completely block binding of the S1 protein RBD-HRP to the immobilized ACE2 protein. After washing away the unbound 2019-nCoV S1 protein RBD-HRP, a colorimetric substrate solution (TMB) is pipetted to the wells. The absorbance of the color at 450 nm is measured. The intensity of color development in the wells is proportional to the amount of target protein bound.

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### **Materials supplied**

Part #	Part	Quantity / Size
C19SD-G241DH	2019-nCoV S1 Protein RBD-HRP Conjugate	1 vial x 8 mL
CP02-A51C2	ACE2 (19-740) Coated Plate	1 plate
CS02-506	One Step TMB Substrate	1 vial x 10 mL
E01-09	nCoV ELISA Sample Dilution Buffer	1 vial x 10 mL
SS01-09	Stop Solution	1 vial x 6 mL
C19N-NEG	NAb Negative Control	1 vial x 150 μL
C19N-POS	NAb Positive Control	1 vial x 150 μL
WB20-09	Wash Buffer, 20X	1 vial x 15 mL

# Additional materials required

- 1. Micro plate cover
- 2. Milli-Q water or other source of pure water
- 3. Pipettes, or multichannel pipettes
- 4. Incubator for 37°C incubation
- 5. Microplate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm

# Storage/Stability

The entire kit may be stored at 4°C for up to 6 months. The coated plate is provided as a multistrip assay plate in the kit, allowing the user to select the appropriate number of strips for each experiment. The remaining unused strips should be stored sealed and used within 1 month after opening.

# **ASSAY WORKFLOW**







Plate pre-coated with ACE2



Mix sample with S1-RBD-HRP & add to plate





Wash plate





Add TMB substrate





Add stop solution & read plate



## **PROTOCOLS**

#### Reagent preparation

The materials supplied in this kit are sufficient for 100 ELISA assays using the provided protocol. Users may adjust the amounts of reagents prepared according to number of assays needed and store unused reagents at appropriate conditions as indicated.

#### 1. Wash Buffer, 1X

Add 285 mL of Milli-Q water to 15 mL of the 20X Wash Buffer. The diluted wash buffer can be stored at 4  $^{\circ}$ C for up to a week. For future use, store at -20  $^{\circ}$ C

#### 2. Sample dilution

The serum or plasma samples can be diluted with the sample dilution buffer provided in the kit. The suggested starting dilution is 1:5 for serum or plasma samples. The kit may be able to detect anti-nCoV neutralizing antibodies or proteins in other biological samples, but this has not been evaluated. It is recommended that several dilutions of samples be performed to determine the optimal dilution.

#### **Assay procedure**

Bring all the kit reagents to room temperature before use. Unused microwell strips should be returned to the original re-sealable bag containing the desiccant pack, stored at 4°C, and used within one month of opening.

- 1. Place the required number of pre-coated strips onto an ELISA plate frame.
- 2. Dilute negative control and positive control 1:5 with sample dilution buffer.
- 3. Mix equal volumes (1:1) S1-RBD-HRP and samples, negative control, or positive control.
- 4. Add 100  $\mu L$  of each sample or control per well in duplicate. Controls and samples must be assayed at the same time.
- 5. Cover plate and incubate at 37°C for 30 minutes.
- 6. Decant solution from the plate. Wash the wells 4 times with 300  $\mu L$  wash buffer per well. Invert the plate and blot dry after the last wash.
- 7. Add 100µL one-step TMB to each well. Cover the plate and incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes, protected from light.
- 8. Add  $50\,\mu\text{L}$  stop solution to each well. The color in the wells should change from blue to yellow. If the color change does not appear uniform, gently tap the plate to ensure thorough mixing.
- 9. Within 30 minutes, read the optical density (0.D.) of all assay wells at 450nm in a microplate reader.

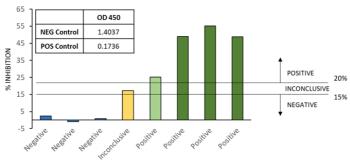
# **DATA ANALYSIS**

### Calculation and interpretation of assay results

In order to evaluate the presence of Neutralizing antibodies or proteins in a biological sample, the O.D. value of the sample must be compared to the values obtained for the positive and negative controls.

- 1. Calculate the average O.D. value of each control and sample.
- 2. Subtract the OD POS Control from the OD of the NEG Control and Samples.
- Calculate the Inhibition Rate (INH%) of Sample and Negative Control: 100 \* (1 - Sample OD / OD NEG Control) %

NEGATIVE:	Sample INH% <15%	No detectable neutralizing activity
POSITIVE:	Sample INH% >20%	Neutralizing activity detected
INCONCLUSIVE:	15% ≤ Sample INH% ≤ 20%	



#### Limitations:

- The 2019-nCoV Neutralization ELISA Kit is limited to the qualitative detection of neutralizing antibodies or proteins specific for the SARS-CoV-2 virus.
- 2. A negative or non-reactive result can occur if the quantity of neutralizing antibodies or proteins present in the specimen is below the detection limit of the assay.
- 3. This ELISA test kit is for research use only. This kit is not for use in diagnostic and therapeutic procedures. This kit is not validated for use in donor serum screening.

## **RESOURCES**

#### References

- 1. Zhou P, et al: A pneumonia outbreak associated with a new coronavirus of probable bat origin. Nature. 2020. 579:270-89.
- 2. Xiao X, et al: The SARS-CoV S glycoprotein. Cell Mol Life Sci. 2004, 61 (19-20): 2428-30.
- 3. Long Q, et al: Antibody responses to SARS-CoV-2 in patients with COVID-19 Quan-Xin Long. Nature Medicine. 2020, 29 April.
- 4. Ma H, et al: Serum IgA, IgM, and IgG responses in COVID-19. Cell Mol Immunol. 2020, 17: 773-775.

# **Related products**

Catalog Number	Name	Species	Tag	Sequence
C19SD-G241H / F	2019-nCoV Spike protein RBD, HIS or Fc Tag	SARS-CoV-2	HIS / Fc	319-541
C19S1-G241H / F	2019-nCoV Spike protein S1, HIS or Fc Tag	SARS-CoV-2	HIS / Fc	16-685
C19S2-G241F	2019-nCoV Spike protein S2, Fc Tag	SARS-CoV-2	Fc	686-1212
C19S1-60DH	Anti-2019-nCoV Spike Protein hlgG Antibody	Human, IgG	HRP	Monoclonal
C19S1-61MH	Anti-2019-nCoV Spike Protein mlgG Antibody	Mouse, Fc		Monoclonal
C19S1-A60H	Anti-2019-nCoV Spike Protein hlgA Antibody	Human, IgA		Monoclonal
C19NP-60DH	Anti-2019-nCoV N-Protein IgG Antibody	Human, IgG	HRP	Monoclonal
C19SD-876	2019-nCoV S1 Protein ELISA Kit			
C19S1-877	2019-nCoV S1 Human IgG ELISA Kit			
C19S1-P877	2019-nCoV S1 Human IgG-IgA-IgM ELISA Kit			
C19NS1-M877	2019-nCoV N-S1 Human IgM ELISA Kit			
C19NS1-P877	2019-nCoV N-S1 Human IgG-IgA-IgM ELISA Kit	t		